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Hydrogen Peroxide-Based Contact 1 **Lens Care Products: Consumer** 2 Labeling Recommendations -3 **Premarket Notification (510(k))** 4 **Submissions** 5 6 **Draft Guidance for Industry and** 7 **Food and Drug Administration Staff** 8 9 **DRAFT GUIDANCE** 10 11 This draft guidance document is being distributed for comment purposes 12 only. 13 14 Document issued on August 17, 2022. 15 16 17 You should submit comments and suggestions regarding this draft document within 60 days of 18 publication in the Federal Register of the notice announcing the availability of the draft 19 guidance. Submit electronic comments to https://www.regulations.gov. Submit written 20 comments to the Dockets Management Staff, Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, 21 Room 1061, (HFA-305), Rockville, MD 20852. Identify all comments with the docket number 22 listed in the notice of availability that publishes in the Federal Register. 23 24 For questions about this document, contact the OHT1: Office of Ophthalmic, Anesthesia, 25 Respiratory, ENT and Dental Devices/DHT1A: Division of Ophthalmic Devices at (301) 796-26 5620. 27 28 29 30 31 **U.S. Department of Health and Human Services** U.S. FOOD & DRUG FDA 32 **Food and Drug Administration** ADMINISTRATION 33 **Center for Devices and Radiological Health** CENTER FOR DEVICES & RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH 34 35

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Preface

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the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations. To discuss an alternative approach, contact the FDA staff or Office responsible for this guidance as listed on the title page.

75 I. Introduction

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76 FDA is issuing this draft guidance to provide labeling recommendations for hydrogen peroxide-77 based contact lens care products (HPCPs) submitted in premarket notification (510(k)) 78 submissions. These labeling recommendations are important because misuse associated with 79 these devices has resulted in serious eye injuries. FDA believes that the labeling 80 recommendations in this guidance may help manufacturers develop labeling with information 81 about specific risks and directions for use of the HPCPs in conjunction with a user's prescribed 82 contact lenses. These labeling recommendations are intended to promote the safe and effective 83 use of HPCPs and ensure that consumers receive and understand information regarding the 84 benefits and risks associated with the use of the device. 85 86 The contents of this document do not have the force and effect of law and are not meant to bind 87 the public in any way, unless specifically incorporated into a contract. This document is intended

- 88 only to provide clarity to the public regarding existing requirements under the law. FDA
- 89 guidance documents, including this guidance, should be viewed only as recommendations, unless
- 90 specific regulatory or statutory requirements are cited. The use of the word *should* in Agency
- 91 guidance means that something is suggested or recommended, but not required.

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93 II. Background

94

Hydrogen peroxide-based contact lens care product solutions, as well as other multipurpose
solutions, both clean and disinfect contact lenses by breaking up and helping to remove trapped
debris, protein, fatty deposits, and microorganisms. Unlike other multipurpose solutions,
hydrogen peroxide-based contact lens care product solutions are generally preservative-free,
which makes them a suitable option for those who are allergic or sensitive to the preservatives
found in multipurpose solutions. They are not risk-free, however, and should be used by

101 following appropriate labeling considerations.¹ Consumers should be aware of these 102 considerations prior to choosing, and while using, this type of medical device.

103

104 To implement section 520(*l*) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic (FD&C) Act, which

105 contains specific provisions on transitional devices (i.e., those devices regulated as drugs before

106 the Medical Device Amendments of 1976 became law), FDA published a rule proposing to

107 reclassify HPCPs from class III (premarket approval) to class II (special controls).² The final rule

reclassifying HPCPs published on June 6, 1997,³ amending 21 CFR 886.5918 and 21 CFR

109 886.5928 to classify rigid gas permeable contact lens care products and soft contact lens care

110 products as class II, respectively. FDA also issued a guidance document, "Premarket Notification

111 [510(k)] Guidance Document for Contact Lens Care Products,"⁴ and a subsequent addendum

112 "<u>Contact Lens Care Products Labeling</u>."⁵ These documents include details regarding, among

- 113 other things, the labeling of contact lens care products.
- 114

115 The safety and effectiveness of HPCPs when used as directed has been well established in the

116 last few decades; however, FDA has become aware of an increase in the number of adverse

event reports related to the misuse of these products. Consumers have reported adverse events

118 ranging from irritation to severe burning and stinging of the eyes and even blindness with the use

- 119 of HPCPs. The reports received to date indicate that the packaging is not easily distinguishable
- 120 from other lens care products, which FDA believes has likely resulted in improper use. FDA
- 121 convened a meeting of the Ophthalmic Devices Panel of the Medical Devices Advisory
- 122 Committee and the Risk Communication Advisory Committee on March 17, 2017, to discuss
- 123 additional measures to mitigate the potential risk for misuse of these devices.⁶ While the rate of

¹ For further information on hydrogen peroxide-based contact lens care products, see <u>https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/contact-lenses/hydrogen-peroxide-solution.</u>

² See 62 FR 14277 (April 1, 1996). With the enactment of the Medical Device Amendments of 1976, transitional devices were classified in class III by operation of the statute, unless later classified by FDA in class I or II. See FD&C Act § 520(l)(1).

³ See 62 FR 30985.

⁴ <u>https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/guidance-documents-medical-devices-and-radiation-emitting-products/contact-lens-care-products-premarket-notification-510k-guidance.</u>

⁵ <u>https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/contact-lens-care-products-labeling.</u>

⁶ March 17, 2017 Meeting: Ophthalmic Devices Panel for the Medical Devices Advisory Committee and the Risk Communication Advisory Committee (available at <u>https://www.fda.gov/advisory-committees/ophthalmic-devices-panel/2017-meeting-materials-ophthalmic-devices-panel</u>).

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- 124 adverse events reported to the FDA is relatively low compared to the estimated number of HPCP
- 125 users, the number of reports likely underestimate the actual occurrence of such events. The
- 126 meeting covered a range of important issues, including appropriate labeling and packaging of
- 127 these products, and the importance of clearly communicating the risks of misuse to the consumer
- 128 public. The Panel emphasized a need for simplicity and clear messaging in terms of warnings
- 129 and instructions for use, in addition to the ability to identify the bottles by utilizing a red tip and 130 red cap as already used on most HPCP solutions. The Panel also recommended a redesign and
- 131 standardization of the labeling so that it is different from other contact lens care products. In light
- 132 of the well-documented low compliance rate among consumers with recommended lens care
- 133 practices,⁷ as well as the reasons outlined above, FDA is providing recommendations concerning
- 134 the content and format of labeling for these devices. FDA believes the labeling content and
- 135 format recommended in this guidance provides at least the same level of protection of the public
- health and safety as the labeling details contained in "Premarket Notification [510(k)] Guidance 136
- Document for Contact Lens Care Products"⁸ and its addendum "Contact Lens Care Products 137
- 138 Labeling."9

III. Scope 139

- This guidance document applies to all HPCPs. These devices are classified under 21 CFR 140
- 886.5918 and 21 CFR 886.5928 with the product codes listed in the table below: 141
- 142 143

	Table 1: Applicable Pro
Product Code	Product Code Name
MRC	Products, Contact Lens Care, Rig

oduct Codes

	Product Code	Product Code Name	Regulation Number
	MRC	Products, Contact Lens Care, Rigid Gas	21 CFR 886.5918
		Permeable	
	LPN	Accessories, Soft Lens Products	21 CFR 886.5928
-			

- 144
- 145 Although not in the scope of this guidance, the Panel also suggested making a change in the
- bottle shape, size, color, tactile features or other characteristics that would distinguish HPCPs 146
- 147 from other contact lens care products that do not contain hydrogen peroxide. While FDA does
- 148 not intend to recommend the type of bottle to be used to contain HPCP solutions, FDA
- 149 recommends, to the extent possible, containers should appear distinct from those of multipurpose
- 150 solutions or other products without hydrogen peroxide, which could minimize potential product
- 151 selection errors and product misuse.
- 152
- 153 Based on the adverse event reports and feedback obtained during the March 2017 Panel Meeting,
- 154 device misuse may be exacerbated if the directions for use and warnings or precautions in the
- 155 device labeling are not clear. FDA believes that these problems can be mitigated by emphasizing
- 156 and simplifying important warnings and directions for use on the bottle and carton labeling for
- 157 HPCP solutions. The inclusion of such information should also be helpful in developing labeling
- 158 with adequate information for use under 21 CFR 801.5. For example, FDA believes the

⁷ Kv W, Scherick K, Stenson S. Clinical survey of lens care in contact lens patients. CLAO J. 1998 Oct;24(4):216-9. ⁸ https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/guidance-documents-medical-devices-and-radiation-emittingproducts/contact-lens-care-products-premarket-notification-510k-guidance.

⁹ https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/contact-lens-care-products-labeling.

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appropriate design and standardization of labeling would help inform consumers of device risks,

- 160 thereby increasing the likelihood of appropriate device use and helping to mitigate against device 161 misuse.
- 162
- 163 Since these recommendations are based on known safety issues, FDA recommends that this
- 164 information be considered for inclusion as current product labeling is updated, and that labeling
- 165 included as part of future premarket submissions for HPCPs incorporate the recommendations.
- 166 For currently marketed HPCPs, manufacturers should evaluate their labeling changes according
- 167 to FDA's guidance, "<u>Deciding When to Submit a 510(k) for a Change to an Existing Device</u>."¹⁰
- 168
- 169 This guidance is not intended to include a complete listing of all labeling components for
- 170 HPCPs. This guidance should be used as a complement to FDA's "Guidance on Medical Device
- 171 <u>Patient Labeling</u>,"¹¹ (hereafter referred to as the "Patient Labeling guidance," which describes
- 172 FDA's current thinking on making medical device patient labeling understandable to and usable
- by patients), existing regulations, and other relevant guidance documents containing additional
- 174 labeling recommendations. This guidance also complements FDA's guidance "Premarket
- 175 Notification [510(k)] Guidance Document for Contact Lens Care Products^{"12} and its addendum
- 176 "<u>Contact Lens Care Products Labeling.</u>"¹³ This guidance provides recommendations that are
- 177 specific to HPCPs and may assist in complying with some special controls.

178 IV. Specific Consumer Labeling Recommendations

179 A. General Considerations

Contact lens care products, including HPCPs, are subject to the general labeling requirements for 180 all medical devices outlined in 21 CFR 801. The premarket notification submission must include 181 182 proposed labeling in sufficient detail to satisfy the requirements of 21 CFR 807.87(e). Consumer 183 labeling for HPCPs includes information contained on the package insert, carton, and bottle, and 184 is directed to the contact lens wearer. The consumer labeling for HPCPs should instruct the 185 consumer on product care to ensure contact lenses are used safely and effectively, to identify potential risks and benefits, and to explain what to expect when these care products are used. The 186 187 labeling should contain sufficient information to describe the device, its intended use, 188 precautions, warnings, and contraindications.

- 189
- 190 Consumer labeling should be written in simple, plain language that does not exceed the eighth-
- 191 grade reading level. Regardless of the reading level, poorly designed text can still be confusing
- and misleading. The consumer labeling should be directed to users and potential consumers of
- 193 HPCPs and should address the following questions:

¹⁰ <u>https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/deciding-when-submit-510k-change-existing-device</u>.

¹¹ <u>https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/guidance-medical-device-patient-labeling</u>.

¹² <u>https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/guidance-documents-medical-devices-and-radiation-emitting-products/contact-lens-care-products-premarket-notification-510k-guidance.</u>

¹³ <u>https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/contact-lens-care-products-labeling.</u>

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195	 How do Hydrogen Peroxide-Based Contact Lens Care Products work?
196	• How should I use Hydrogen Peroxide-Based Contact Lens Care Products correctly?
197	• What are the risks associated with Hydrogen Peroxide-Based Contact Lens Care
198	Product use?
199	• Who should I contact if there is a problem?
200	1
201	The lay language should provide a balanced presentation of adverse events and the risks and
202	benefits of the device. It should not introduce implied or actual statements regarding performance
203	that are unsubstantiated or that may be misleading to consumers. In order to increase the
204	likelihood that the consumer labeling is read and understood by the consumer, we recommend
205	that manufacturers consider placing consumer labeling on their website to help consumers obtain
206	the most up-to-date information.
207	
208	We recommend that consumer labeling contain the information in the sections outlined in the
209	Patient Labeling guidance. The sections suggested in the Patient Labeling guidance may be
210	adapted as appropriate for HPCPs and should enable the consumer to easily find and understand
211	information that answers the questions identified above. The recommendations in this draft
212	guidance are intended to supplement and enhance the information that is often already identified
213	in labeling for these device types. To the extent the recommendations in this document depart
214	from previously issued recommendations in the 2010 guidance, "Contact Lens Care Products
215	Labeling," ¹⁴ this document supersedes those previous recommendations as applied to hydrogen
216	peroxide-based contact lens care products under product codes MRC and LPN. This guidance
217	presents FDA's format and content recommendations for specific labeling components, and FDA
218	has provided examples of each in the appendices to help illustrate the recommendations.
219	B. Suggested Format and Content of Consumer Labeling
220	(1) Package Insert Labeling
221	To help manufacturers develop appropriate labeling and to mitigate the safety issues related to
222	HPCP misuse, FDA is providing the following recommendations for the package insert labeling.
223	The package insert should include the following information where applicable. An example of
223	package insert labeling is provided in Appendix A.
225	package insert labeling is provided in Appendix A.
225	a. General Instructions and Description
227	FDA believes that the package label insert should include general instructions and description as
228	outlined below:
229	
230	• A section that describes the general process involved with the use of HPCPs including: a
	U I

A section that describes the general process involved with the use of HPCPs including: a • description of the disinfecting and neutralization process, and whether it is a one-step or 231 232 two-step process. 233

• A statement to read the instructions carefully and to retain the information for future use.

¹⁴ <u>https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/contact-lens-care-products-labeling.</u>

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- The trade name and identification of the active ingredient(s) (optional, list of inactive ingredients), sterility status, and when applicable, a description of the contents (e.g., case, disk or tablet) and any additional components. FDA believes that prominent text identifying that the product contains 3% hydrogen peroxide should be included in this section.
- A description of the function of the device (i.e., how the device works in relation to the contact lenses). When applicable, the actions may also be listed with the indications for use.
- The indications for use statement as described in the submission.

b. Contraindications

245 Contraindications describe situations in which the device should not be used because the risk of

246 use of the device clearly outweighs any reasonably foreseeable benefit. FDA recommends that

- 247 manufacturers include all contraindications specific to the device. For example, such
- contraindications may include a statement identifying that the device should not be used if
- allergic to any ingredient in the device. If there are no contraindications, a statement may be
- 250 provided noting that there are no known contraindications.
- 251 252

243 244

c. Warnings

253 FDA recommends that manufacturers prominently display (e.g., using emphasized text)

- appropriate warnings regarding how to avoid known hazards associated with the use of HPCPs.
- 255 These warnings may alert consumers to the possibility of serious adverse reactions, situations
- which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury, and steps that should be taken if
- they occur. FDA believes such warnings include the following examples of (1) general warnings
- that should be prominently listed in all labeling types (package insert labeling, carton labeling,
- and bottle labeling) and (2) additional warnings that should be included in the package insert.

261 General Warnings

262 FDA believes general warnings should include the following information:

263 264

265

- A statement that the solution should only be used with the case provided and warn against the use of flat lens cases.
- A statement identifying the minimum time to ensure the completion of the neutralization
 process prior to lens insertion and a statement that unneutralized disinfecting solution
 should not be put into the eye.
- Directions for when unneutralized solution does come in contact with the eyes.
- A statement that warns against the reuse of the neutralized HPCP solutions.
- A statement that warns against rinsing your lenses with the HPCP solution, which would cause severe burning or stinging.
 - A statement that warns against squirting the HPCP solution into the eyes.

The statements above, wherever possible, should also warn consumers of the risks associated with inserting HPCP solution into the eye (e.g., severe burning and stinging).

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278 Additional Warnings

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FDA recommends that manufacturers include warnings emphasizing that it is essential for consumers to follow all labeling instructions for proper use of contact lenses and lens care products. FDA recommends such additional warnings include the following instructions for use and warnings pertaining to contact lens wear:

- 283 284 A statement warning against reuse or "topping off solutions." Reuse may reduce effective • lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping 285 286 off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. A 287 statement referencing the use of fresh, sterile or unexpired solution each time you use 288 your contact lenses should be included. Graphics warning against reuse or topping off of 289 solution are also recommended. 290 A statement against storing your lenses or rinsing your lens case with water or any non-291 sterile or expired saline solution (e.g., these practices may lead to ocular infections). 292 • A statement that warns against risks associated with contact lens exposure to water from 293 showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans (e.g., may harbor microorganisms that 294 lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness). 295 • A statement that warns against using inappropriate liquids to disinfect your lenses, since 296 not using the recommended disinfectant may lead to severe infection, vision loss or 297 blindness.
- A statement that warns of the risks associated with using solutions past their discard date since the performance of solutions have not be tested past their discard date. The discard date refers to the time you can safely use the contact lens care product after the bottle has been opened. It is not the same as the shelf-life/expiration date, which is the last date that the product is still effective before it is opened.
- A statement that warns of the potential contamination of the solution, which may reduce
 the effectiveness of solutions and result in contamination of lenses (e.g., avoid touching
 surfaces or transferring solutions).
- A statement that warns of the risks associated with ingestion of hydrogen peroxide, which may occur if small children have access to the product. A statement should be added advising consumers to seek immediately medical attention if ingested and/or promptly contact their eye care practitioner.
- When applicable, a statement that warns of possible effects associated with rubbing rigid gas permeable (RGP) lenses with peroxide solution (e.g., that may result in skin discoloration). A statement should be added advising consumers to wash and rinse their hands after rubbing RGP lenses.
- When applicable, a statement that warns against ingestion of neutralizing tablets that may result in upset stomach and vomiting. A statement should be added advising consumers not to ingest tablets and to seek immediately medical attention if ingested and/or promptly seek medical assistance or a poison control center.
- When applicable, statements against improper use of neutralization tablets that may result in inadequate neutralization. Statements should be added advising consumers of situations that may result in inadequate neutralization or disinfection (e.g., crushing a neutralizing tablet, number of times a neutralizer disk may be used).
- 323 Non-Product Specific Warning

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324 Additionally, FDA recommends that manufacturers include a non-product specific warning that

325 specifies that consumers should follow the directions of the eye care practitioner and all labeling

326 instructions for proper use and care of both their lenses and lens care products, including the lens

327 case since problems with contact lenses and lens care products could result in serious injury to

- 328 the eye. FDA recommends that this warning also include the following information:
- Specifying that daily wear lenses are not indicated for overnight wear and that clinical studies have shown that there is an increased risk for serious adverse reactions when worn overnight.
- Specifying that extended wear lenses should be regularly removed for cleaning and disinfection or disposal and replacement as prescribed by the eye care practitioner, and that clinical studies have shown that there is an increased incidence of serious adverse reaction in extended wear contact lens wearers compared to daily wear contact lens wearers. Studies have also shown that the risk of serious adverse reactions increases the longer extended wear lenses are worn before removal for cleaning and disinfection or for disposal and replacement.
- Specifying that studies have also shown that smokers who wear contact lenses have a
 higher incidence of adverse reactions.
 - Specifying that if the consumer experiences eye discomfort, excessive tearing, vision changes, or redness of the eye, that they should remove their contact lenses and contact their eye care practitioner.

d. Precautions

FDA recommends that precautions include information for the safe and effective use of the
device by the consumer to mitigate minor or moderate injury. Listed below are examples of
general precautions that pertain to all HPCP solutions and specific precautions for neutralizing
products. FDA believes such precautions include the following:

350351 General Precautions

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342 343

344 345

- A statement that consumers should always wash and dry their hands prior to
 manipulating lenses because residual dirt, oils, and/or contamination may result in
 subsequent stinging or ocular infection.
- A statement that consumers should never use generic hydrogen peroxide not specifically
 intended for use with contact lenses or mix HPCP solutions because this may result in
 insufficient disinfection, neutralization, and/or damage to contact lenses.
- Statements that consumers should never reuse solutions, should always use fresh,
 unexpired solution, and should never store lenses in used neutralized solution for more
 than 24 hours because this will help ensure sufficient disinfection.
- Statements regarding activities during or after use of HPCP solutions that may reduce the product effectiveness, enhance deterioration and/or cause lens damage. These activities may include: shaking/inverting the lens case during disinfection, failure to discard the contents of the bottle "X" months after first opening, failure to keep the bottle closed when not in use, failure to store the bottle at a certain temperature and/or range, failure to keep the lenses immersed in the storage solution when not worn; and heating the solution or contact lenses.
- 368

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369 **Precautions for Neutralizing Products**

370 FDA recommends the inclusion of statements regarding activities during or after use of

371 neutralizing tablets that may reduce the product effectiveness, enhance deterioration and/or cause

372 lens damage. These activities may include: using tablets that appear to be broken, chipped, or

373 discolored; using tablets from packages that are torn or punctured; substituting neutralizing

- 374 components; and using neutralizing tablets in a heat disinfection unit.
- 375 376

e. Adverse Reactions

FDA recommends that the package insert labeling should inform consumers about the potential adverse reactions associated with the use of the product and that eye problems, including corneal

379 ulcers, can develop rapidly and lead to loss of vision. The package insert labeling should also 380 include a statement that if a consumer notices any adverse reactions (e.g., stinging and burning,

eye discomfort, excessive tearing, among others), they should immediately remove lenses.

382 Statements should be added to the package insert advising the consumer on instructions for lens

removal thereby reducing the potential for ocular damage. The package insert labeling should

also include statements that consumers immediately contact their eye care practitioner if

problems persist or worsen, to seek immediate professional care, and to report all adverse events

to the manufacturer. A statement should be added to inform the consumer that they can also

387 report adverse events to FDA Medwatch. This is important to diagnose or document any adverse

- 388 events associated with the product.
- 389 390

f. General Directions for Use

FDA recommends all directions for use contain the major steps of the process (e.g., rinse with solution, fill provided container, and soak) to ensure proper use of HPCP solutions. Each step should be briefly described using simple language for easy understanding. The use of graphics in device labeling has been shown to contribute to better comprehension.¹⁵ As such, FDA recommends that simple graphics, where appropriate, should be included. In order to provide a complete set of directions for consumers, FDA recommends that these directions include the following:

- Instructions for safe handling of contact lenses to minimize residual dirt, oils, and/or contamination, which may result in subsequent stinging or ocular infection.
- Specific, detailed directions based on the lens type (e.g., soft and RGP lenses) to convey important differences in the cleaning/disinfection regimen. FDA recommends reemphasizing warning statements regarding not putting HPCP solution into the eye because unneutralized hydrogen peroxide exposure may result in corneal burns, redness and stinging (see Appendix A for examples for soft lenses and for RGP lenses).
- Information for lens case care and replacement. This is important to ensure that users
 appropriately clean and care for the lens case as they have been shown to be a source of
 microbial contamination.
- Information regarding how the product is supplied (e.g., sterile, quantity of contents, type of packaging, lot number), distributor/manufacturer name and address, and the date the

¹⁵ Kools M, van de Wiel MW, Ruiter RA, Kok G. Pictures and text in instructions for medical devices: effects on recall and actual performance. Patient Educ Couns. 2006 Dec;64(1-3):104-11. Epub 2006 Feb 10.

410	labeling was printed. This is important to allow traceability and identification for adverse
411	event reporting or for consumer questions.
412	(2) Carton Labeling
413	In order to highlight warnings, precautions, and to minimize crowding, FDA recommends that the
414	directions for use should not be included in carton labeling. However, a statement should be
415	added directing users to follow directions on the bottle and in the package insert. FDA also
416	recommends that the carton labeling contain a red banner (e.g., at least 1 inch in height)
417	encircling the top of the carton that includes text emphasizing that the HPCP solution should not
418	be put into the eyes. We also recommend that manufacturers include two identical statements,
419	such as "DO NOT PUT IN EYES," that span the circumference of the bottle with associated
420	graphics, in emphasized font. The banner should be similar to the banner placed on the bottle.
421	FDA recommends a minimalist approach to the content of the carton labeling and font sizes
422	consistent with the Patient Labeling guidance, which aligns with 2017 Panel recommendations.
423	An example of carton labeling is provided in Appendix B.
424	
425	a. Manufacturer and product information
426	HPCPs are over-the-counter devices and labeling must comply with 21 CFR 801.60 - Principal
427	display panel, as well as 21 CFR 801.61 - Statement of identity, 21 CFR 801.62 - Declaration of
428	net quantity of contents. In addition, the labeling must comply with 21 CFR 800.12 - Contact lens
429	solutions and tablets; tamper-resistant packaging, and 21 CFR 800.10 - Contact lens solutions;
430 431	sterility, and should also contain the following recommended information:
432	Principal Display Panel (see 21 CFR 801.60):
433	 Product Trade Name [including emphasis on "3% Hydrogen Peroxide [Solution]"
434	(e.g., in prominent text)] (see <u>Patient Labeling guidance</u> for recommendations on
435	font sizes for Headings)
436	 Actions and Indications (see 21 CFR 801.61; e.g., cleans, disinfects)
437	 Lens Compatibility (i.e., the type of lenses for which the device may be used)
438	 Net Quantity Contents (21 CFR 801.62)
439	• Sterile
440	
441	Outer Carton Panels
442	• Special Storage Conditions (e.g., store at room temperature)
443	• A statement referring customers to the bottle and package insert for information on
444	proper use of the product
445	• Tamper-Resistant Statement (21 CFR 800.12)
446	• A statement to keep product out of the reach of children
447	 [Insert information on whom to contact for concerns, adverse reactions, and
448	additional information: [Distributed by/Manufactured by/Manufactured for] Address
449	including zip code, website, and phone number.]
450	• Lot Number
451	Expiration Date
452	 Product Information:

453	 Description (i.e., Active Ingredients)
454	 Package contents (e.g., a lens case is included)
455	• A statement referring customers to consult the package insert for complete safety
456	information
457	• Website and social media connections (e.g., Quick Response (QR) code, website link)
458	to manufacturers and FDA (e.g., "Hydrogen Peroxide Solution"
459	https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/contact-lenses/hydrogen-peroxide-solution)
460	
461	b. Contraindications
462	FDA recommends that the same contraindications that are included in the package insert labeling
463	as outlined in Section IV.B.1.b of this guidance also be included on the carton labeling.
464	e e e
465	c. Warnings
466	To minimize overcrowding, FDA recommends that manufacturers include only those warnings
467	statements in the carton labeling that inform the consumers of the risks associated with HPCP
468	solution that is not neutralized. This is important because unneutralized hydrogen peroxide
469	exposure may result in corneal burns, redness and stinging. Statements using emphasized text
470	(e.g., red and bold text) should be added to the warnings section on the carton to highlight these
471	concerns, but bold text should be limited to emphasize key details only. In addition, FDA
472	recommends that consumers be referred to the package insert for a complete list of warnings.
473	Manufacturers should include the following statements/warnings with associated graphics on the
474	carton labeling to inform consumers of the risks associated with unneutralized hydrogen
475	peroxide:
476	
477	• A statement that the solution should only be used with the case provided and warn
478	against the use of flat lens cases.
479	• A statement identifying the minimum time to ensure the completion of the neutralization
480	process prior to lens insertion.
481	• A statement that warns against rinsing your lenses with the HPCP solution, which would
482	cause severe burning or stinging.
483	• A statement that warns against squirting the HPCP solution into the eyes.
484	• The statements above, wherever possible, should also warn the consumer of the risks
485	associated with inserting HPCP solution into the eye (e.g., severe burning and stinging).
486	• A statement that the product contains hydrogen peroxide and that users should follow all
487	directions on the bottle and in the package insert to avoid injury.
488	
489	Since most non-hydrogen peroxide contact lens care products are used with flat lens cases that
490	do not neutralize hydrogen peroxide, consumers may be confused regarding the need for the
491	special neutralizing case provided with HPCP solutions. Therefore, to increase the likelihood that
492	consumers understand these risks, and to emphasize the need for the neutralization of hydrogen
493	peroxide, FDA recommends manufacturers include additional warnings, including graphics,
494	against the use of flat lens cases on the top left and right carton flaps (in emphasized text), in
495	addition to the body of the carton labeling. This labeling recommendation is consistent with the

496 497	2017 Panel recommendations, which advised graphics on the opening flap of the box since this warning is the first message consumers encounter as they open the product.
498	d Processions
499 500	d. Precautions FDA recommends that carton labeling only include precautions for the safe use of the device by
500	the user to mitigate minor or moderate injury. These may include precautions that warn against
502	the use of generic hydrogen peroxide or activities that may result in inadequate neutralization of
502	hydrogen peroxide prior to use. FDA recommends that manufacturers should include a
504	statement that refers consumers to the package insert for a complete list of precautions.
505	(3) Bottle Labeling
506	To help manufacturers develop bottle labeling that is clear, simple and consistent across products
507	and to help mitigate the safety issues for HPCPs, FDA is providing the following labeling
508	recommendations, which also align with recommendations provided at the 2017 Panel Meeting.
509	FDA recommends that the bottle's design include a red cap and red tip as an indication that the
510	solution should not be instilled directly into the eyes. ^{16,17} FDA recommends that bottle labeling
511 512	consist of three equal-sized panels with a red banner (e.g., at least 1 inch in height) encircling the top of the bottle that includes text emphasizing that the HPCP solution should not be put into the
512	eyes. We recommend manufacturers include two identical statements such as "DO NOT PUT IN
514	EYES," in emphasized font that span the circumference of the bottle with associated large
515	graphics (e.g., an image of bottle squirting in the eye crossed out). The red banner on the bottle
516	labeling should be consistent with the banner on the carton labeling. Please see Appendix C for
517	an example of the bottle labeling.
518	To minimize overcrowding, the bottle label should include the minimum information needed for
519	consumers to safely use the product and include the product information, directions for use, and
520	warnings. The labeling text should be written using clear, simple and concise language. FDA
521	recommends font sizes consistent with the Patient Labeling guidance. FDA recommends the
522	bottle labeling contain the following information:
523	a. Manufacturer and product information
524	• Distributer's/Manufacturer's name and address including zip code, phone number
525	• Lot Number
526	Expiration Date
527	Date Opened/or Discard Date
528	Product Trade Name
529	• Description (i.e., Active Ingredients), including emphasis on "3% Hydrogen Peroxide
530 531	[Solution]" (e.g., in prominent text) located near the Product Trade Name (see <u>Patient</u> <u>Labeling guidance</u> for recommendations on font sizes for Headings)
551	Labering guidance for recommendations on font sizes for readings)

¹⁶ March 17, 2017 Meeting: Ophthalmic Devices Panel for the Medical Devices Advisory Committee and the Risk Communication Advisory Committee (available at <u>https://www.fda.gov/advisory-committees/ophthalmic-devices-panel/2017-meeting-materials-ophthalmic-devices-panel</u>). ¹⁷ For further information on hydrogen peroxide-based contact lens care products, see <u>https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/contact-lenses/hydrogen-peroxide-solution.</u>

532	• Actions and Indications (21 CFR 801.61) (e.g., cleans, disinfects, etc.)
533	• Lens Compatibility (i.e., the type of lenses that the HPCP can be used with)
534	• Net Quantity Contents (21 CFR 801.62)
535	• Sterile
536	• Special Storage Conditions (e.g., store at room temperature)
537	• A statement advising users to keep out of reach of children
538	• A statement referring customers to consult the package insert for complete safety
539	information
540	• Website and social media connections (e.g., Quick Response (QR) code, website link) to
541	manufacturers and FDA (e.g., "Hydrogen Peroxide Solution"
542	https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/contact-lenses/hydrogen-peroxide-solution)
543	
544	b. Directions for Use
545	The directions for use should contain the major steps of the process (e.g., rinse with solution, fill
546	provided container, and soak) as referenced in the package insert. Each step should be briefly
547	described using simple language for easy understanding. Simple graphics, where appropriate,
548	should be included to aid in understanding.
549	
550	c. Contraindications
551	FDA recommends that all known contraindications specific to the device be included on the
552	bottle labeling as identified in the package insert section IV.B.1.b of this draft guidance.
553	
554	d. Warnings
555	To minimize overcrowding, FDA recommends that manufacturers only include warning
556	statements that inform the consumer of the risks associated with unneutralized HPCP solution
557	(e.g., severe burning and stinging) on the bottle labeling. As noted previously, this is important
558	because unneutralized hydrogen peroxide exposure may result in corneal burns, redness and
559	stinging. Statements using emphasized text (e.g., red and bold text) should be added to the
560	warnings section to highlight these concerns and any key details. In addition, clear warnings with
561	associated graphics should be added to aid in understanding of how consumers may be exposed
562	to unneutralized hydrogen peroxide. Manufacturers should include the following:
563	
564	• A statement that the solution should only be used with the case provided and warn
565	against the use of flat lens cases.
566	• A statement identifying the minimum time to ensure the completion of the neutralization
567	process prior to lens insertion.
568	• A statement that warns against rinsing your lenses with the HPCP solution, which would
569	cause severe burning or stinging.
570	• A statement that warns against squirting the HPCP solution into the eyes.
571	• The statements above, wherever possible, should also warn the consumer of the risks
572	associated with inserting HPCP solution into the eye (e.g., severe burning and stinging).
573	
574	

Draft – Not for Implementation

Appendix A: Package Insert Labeling Example 575

576

577 This section provides an example of a package insert for an HPCP, as described in Section 578 IV.B.1.

- 579
- 580

581 **GENERAL**

- 582 Hydrogen peroxide placed directly into the eyes or onto contact lenses prior to insertion 583 can cause stinging, burning, and transient corneal damage. When using hydrogen 584 peroxide, the disinfecting process must be followed with neutralization. The neutralization of hydrogen peroxide into water and oxygen makes it safe to put your 585 lenses back into the eyes. 586
- 587 Neutralization can be either a one-step or two-step process. The one-step process neutralizes the lenses *during* the disinfecting stage, while the two-step process neutralizes 588 589 the lenses after the disinfecting stage.
- 590 Some storage cases have a neutralizer built-in, making it a simple one-step process. With 591 other cases, a neutralizing tablet that comes with the hydrogen peroxide-based contact 592 lens care product solution must be added. This is the two-step process.
- 593 **IMPORTANT** - Please read carefully and keep this information for future use.

594 595 **TRADE NAME** 596

597

598

602 603

612

- [TRADENAME (TN)]
- 3% Hydrogen Peroxide Solution

599 **DESCRIPTION/CONTENTS:**

- 600 [Include "sterile;" list active ingredients (optional, list inactive ingredients). When 601 applicable, include the following additional descriptive information:
 - Case, Disk, or Tablet, and describe each item and any additional components]

604 605 **ACTIONS:**

606 [Include a concise description of the function of the device (i.e., how the device works in 607 relation to the contact lens). When applicable, the actions can be listed with the 608 indications (i.e., INDICATIONS/ACTIONS).]

609 610 **INDICATIONS (USES):**

[Include the Indication for Use Statement as described in the marketing submission.] 611

613 **CONTRAINDICATIONS:**

- 614 [Include all known contraindications. If there are no known contraindications, add • 615 the statement "There are no known contraindications for use of this product."] 616
 - If you are allergic to any ingredient in this device, DO NOT USE.

617	
618	GENERAL WARNINGS:
619	• [TN] Solution is neutralized only with the special [TN] Solution case. NEVER
620	use a flat lens case. It will cause severe burning and stinging!
621	 NEVER soak lenses in [TN] Solution for less than [X] hours to ensure
622	completion of the neutralization process prior to lens insertion. It may cause
623	severe burning and stinging. DO NOT PUT [TN] DISINFECTING SOLUTION
624	THAT HAS NOT BEEN NEUTRALIZED IN YOUR EYE. Should
625	unneutralized [TN] solution get in your eye, remove your lenses immediately,
626	flush (wash) your eyes with a large amount of water or sterile saline for a few
627	minutes. If burning and/or irritation persist, seek assistance from an eye care
628	professional.
629	 The red dropper tip indicates that [TN] solution should not be put directly in
630	your eye. DO NOT REUSE NEUTRALIZED HYDROGEN PEROXIDE
631	SOLUTION.
632	 NEVER rinse your lenses with [TN] Solution and put them in your eyes! It will
633	cause severe burning and stinging!
634	 NEVER squirt [TN] Solution into your eyes! It will cause severe burning and
635	
055	stinging!
636	ADDITIONAL WARNINGS:
637	• You should not reuse or "top off" old solution left in your lens case since solution
638	reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision
638 639	reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has
638 639 640	reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case.
638 639 640 641	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or
638 639 640	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not
638 639 640 641 642	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead
638 639 640 641 642 643	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness.
638 639 640 641 642 643 644	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering,
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 644 645 646 647 648	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about wearing your lenses during any activity involving water.
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about wearing your lenses during any activity involving water. Never use water, saline solution, or rewetting drops to disinfect your lenses. These
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about wearing your lenses during any activity involving water. Never use water, saline solution, or rewetting drops to disinfect your lenses. These solutions will not disinfect your lenses. Not using the recommended disinfectant can lead
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about wearing your lenses during any activity involving water. Never use water, saline solution, or rewetting drops to disinfect your lenses. These solutions will not disinfect your lenses. Not using the recommended disinfectant can lead to severe infection, vision loss or blindness.
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about wearing your lenses during any activity involving water. Never use water, saline solution, or rewetting drops to disinfect your lenses. These solutions will not disinfect your lenses. Not using the recommended disinfectant can lead to severe infection, vision loss or blindness. Using peroxide solutions beyond the discard date could result in contamination of the
$\begin{array}{c} 638\\ 639\\ 640\\ 641\\ 642\\ 643\\ 644\\ 645\\ 644\\ 645\\ 646\\ 647\\ 648\\ 649\\ 650\\ 651\\ 652\\ 653\\ 654\\ \end{array}$	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about wearing your lenses during any activity involving water. Never use water, saline solution, or rewetting drops to disinfect your lenses. These solutions will not disinfect your lenses. Not using the recommended disinfectant can lead to severe infection, vision loss or blindness. Using peroxide solutions beyond the discard date could result in contamination of the solution and can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness.
638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655	 reuse reduces effective lens disinfection and could lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. "Topping off" is the addition of fresh solution to solution that has been sitting in the lens case. Do not store your lenses or rinse your lens case with water or any non-sterile or expired saline solution. Use fresh, sterile or unexpired saline solution so you do not contaminate your lenses or lens case. Use of non-sterile or expired solution can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. Water can harbor microorganisms that can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness. If the contact lenses have been exposed to water, such as when showering, swimming in pools, lakes, or oceans, you should discard them and replace them with a new pair. You should ask your eye care professional for recommendations about wearing your lenses during any activity involving water. Never use water, saline solution, or rewetting drops to disinfect your lenses. These solutions will not disinfect your lenses. Not using the recommended disinfectant can lead to severe infection, vision loss or blindness. Using peroxide solutions beyond the discard date could result in contamination of the solution and can lead to severe infection, vision loss, or blindness.

659	• Keep out of the reach of children. If accidentally swallowed, an upset stomach and
660	vomiting may result. Seek immediate professional medical assistance or contact a
661	poison control center.
662	• While rubbing RGP lenses with [TN] solution, some consumers may experience a
663	mild, temporary skin discoloration (bleaching) of the fingers or hands. Always wash
664	and rinse your hands after rubbing your lenses with the solution.
665	• [When applicable] This tablet is not to be taken internally. If accidentally swallowed,
666	an upset stomach and vomiting may result. Seek immediate professional medical
667	assistance or contact a poison control center.
668	• [When applicable] DO NOT crush the [TN] Neutralizing Tablet. If a crack occurs in
669	the coating, the tablet may begin to neutralize the [TN] Disinfecting Solution before
670	adequate disinfection occurs.
671	• [When applicable] DO NOT use [TN] Neutralizer disk for more than [X] uses or [X]
672	months of daily use. [Note: Uses and time period should be determined by testing
673	data.]
674	PROBLEMS WITH CONTACT LENSES AND LENS CARE PRODUCTS COULD
675	RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY TO THE EYE. Follow your eye care practitioner's
676	directions and all labeling instructions for proper use and care of your lenses and lens
677	care products, including the lens case. Eye problems, including corneal ulcers, can
678	develop rapidly and lead to loss of vision. Daily wear lenses are not indicated for
679	overnight wear and should not be worn while sleeping. Clinical studies have shown
680	the risk of serious adverse reactions is increased when these lenses are worn
681	overnight. Extended wear lenses should be regularly removed for cleaning and
682	disinfection or for disposal and replacement on the schedule prescribed by your eye
683	care practitioner. Clinical studies have shown that there is an increased incidence of
684	serious adverse reactions in extended wear contact lens users as compared to daily
685	wear contact lens users. Studies have also shown that the risk of serious adverse
686	reactions increases the longer extended wear lenses are worn before removal for
687	cleaning and disinfection or for disposal and replacement. Studies have also shown
688	that smokers who wear contact lenses have a higher incidence of adverse reactions. If
689	you experience eye discomfort, excessive tearing, vision changes, or redness of the
690	eye, immediately remove your lenses and promptly contact your eye care practitioner.
691	All contact lens wearers should see their eye care practitioner as directed.
692	
693	GENERAL PRECAUTIONS:
694	 Always wash and dry your hands before handling your lenses.
695	 DO NOT USE OVER-THE-COUNTER GENERIC HYDROGEN PEROXIDE.
696	Generic hydrogen peroxide solutions are not intended for ophthalmic use and may
697	contain ingredients not tested for ocular safety or toxicity. Use of generic hydrogen
698	peroxide may cause severe burning and stinging if not neutralized before use. In
699	addition, generic hydrogen peroxide may contain ingredients that cause
700	DISCOLORATION OR DAMAGE TO YOUR CONTACT LENSES.
701	• Do not mix or substitute other hydrogen peroxide-based contact lens care products or
702	lens cases as inadequate neutralization of hydrogen peroxide may cause severe
703	burning and stinging.

704	• If lenses are stored for more than 24 hours in [TN] disinfecting solution, disinfect
705	your lenses again by replacing the solution in the barrel lens case with fresh [TN]
706	disinfection solution and leave to soak for [X] hours to complete the neutralization
707	before inserting lenses in the eye.
708	• Never reuse the [TN] disinfecting solution. Always discard the remaining solution
709	from the lens case.
710	• Use before the expiration date marked on the carton and bottle. Always use fresh,
711	unexpired lens care solutions.
712	• Do not shake/invert the lens case during the disinfection.
713	• Discard contents of the bottle [X] months after first opening.
714	• Keep the bottle tightly closed when not in use.
715	• Store at [X degrees or specify temperature range].
716	• Always keep the lenses completely immersed in the recommended storage solution
717	when lenses are not being worn (stored). Prolonged periods of drying will damage
718	lenses/reduce the ability of the lens surface to return to a wettable state.
719	• Do not heat the solution and lenses.
720	
721	PRECAUTIONS FOR NEUTRALIZING PRODUCTS [WHEN APPLICABLE]:
722	• DO NOT use tablets that appear to be broken, chipped, or discolored.
723	• DO NOT use tablets from packages which are torn or punctured.
724	DO NOT substitute [TN] Neutralizer components.
725	 DO NOT use neutralizing tablets in a heat disinfection unit.
726	
	A DAVED OF A DE L OFFICIAL OF CONTRACT AND MULLIE FOR DO
727	ADVERSE REACTIONS (PROBLEMS AND WHAT TO DO):
728	WARNING:
728 729	WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP
728 729 730	WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE:
728 729 730 731	WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: • Stinging and burning
728 729 730 731 732	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort
728 729 730 731 732 733	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing
728 729 730 731 732 733 734	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes
728 729 730 731 732 733 734	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia)
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia) Dry eyes
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia) Dry eyes Other eye problems
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia) Dry eyes Other eye problems YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE LENSES, AND PROMPTLY
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia) Dry eyes Other eye problems YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE LENSES, AND PROMPTLY
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia) Dry eyes Other eye problems YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE LENSES, AND PROMPTLY CONTACT YOUR EYE CARE PRACTITIONER.
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia) Dry eyes Other eye problems YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE LENSES, AND PROMPTLY CONTACT YOUR EYE CARE PRACTITIONER. If you experience stinging and burning, remove your lenses immediately, flush
728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745	 WARNING: EYE PROBLEMS, INCLUDING CORNEAL ULCERS, CAN DEVELOP RAPIDLY AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION; IF YOU EXPERIENCE: Stinging and burning Eye discomfort Excessive tearing Unusual eye secretions Vision changes Loss of vision Eye redness Sensitivity to light (photophobia) Dry eyes Other eye problems YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE LENSES, AND PROMPTLY CONTACT YOUR EYE CARE PRACTITIONER. If you experience stinging and burning, remove your lenses immediately, flush (wash) your eyes with a large amount of water or sterile saline for a few minutes.

749	• If the lens is in any way damaged, DO NOT put the lens back on the eye. Place the
750	lens in the storage case and contact the eye care practitioner.
751	• If the lens is not damaged but has dirt, an eyelash, or other foreign body on it, you
752	should thoroughly clean, rinse, and disinfect the lenses; then reinsert them.
753	• After reinsertion, if the problem continues, IMMEDIATELY remove the lenses and
754	consult the eye care practitioner.
755	
756	If any of the above symptoms occur, a serious condition such as infection, corneal ulcer,
757	neovascularization or iritis may be present. Seek immediate professional identification of
758	the problem and prompt treatment to avoid serious eye damage.
759	
760	All adverse reactions observed while using [TN] should be reported to:
761	
762	[Manufacturer's Name]
763	[Manufacturer's Address]
764	[Manufacturer's Website]
765	[U.SBased Toll Free Telephone Number]
766	
767	and can also be reported to FDA MedWatch,
768	https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/medwatch/index.cfm.
769	<u>intpolit with indecessed all and so the inpolitical waters index term</u> .
770	GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
771	Always wash and rinse your hands before handling your lenses. This will help to
772	prevent eye infections by removing dirt and oils that could get on the lenses.
773	
774	1) Place lenses in holder of special [TN] Solution case. Squirt some solution over them.
775	2) Fill the special [TN] Solution case up to the fill line. Put the lens holder in the case.
776	Tighten the cap on the [TN] Solution case.
777	3) Soak the lenses in the special [TN] Solution case for a minimum of [X] hours. Your
778	lenses are ready to wear after soaking for at least [X] hours.
779	DIRECTIONS FOR USE - Soft Lenses:
780	Do not put [TN] solution on your lenses and insert directly into the eye or burning
781	and stinging will result.
782	TO CLEAN, DISINFECT, AND NEUTRALIZE YOUR LENSES:
783	• Remove and place each lens into the appropriately marked L/R domed lens
784	holder.
785	• [Specify the total rinse time, in addition to stating the minimum lens rinsing time
786	for each side of the lens. In addition to your directions that state to rinse the lenses
787	for x seconds each, you should also state that the rinse time is "for a total of [X]
788	seconds".]

	• Fill the lens case to fill line with [TN] solution and place the lens holder in the case.
791 792 793 794	• Tighten the cap and store lenses for at least [insert recommended duration] hours or overnight. DO NOT SHAKE THE CASE. NOTE: To prevent damage to your lens, center the lens on the dome in the lens holder. Be sure the lens does not touch the basket rim, then close the basket lid.
795 796 797 798 799	• After soaking for [insert recommended duration] hours, your lenses are ready to wear. Never rinse your lenses with [TN] solution prior to insertion or burning and stinging will result. If desired, lenses can be rinsed with sterile saline before inserting.
800 801 802 803	• Discard the neutralized disinfectant from the cup. Rinse the lens cup with fresh saline or [TN] solution and allow the case to air dry with the lens holder inverted outside the case. Do not place the lens holder on its side.
804 805 806 807	Your eye care professional may recommend additional products or procedures to care for your lenses based on individual tear chemistry and lens wearing schedule. Always follow your eye care professional's instructions. Seek advice from your eye care professional before making changes to your care regimen to ensure compatibility with lenses.
808	DIRECTIONS FOR USE – RGP Lenses:
809 810 811 812 813	 Do not put [TN] solution on your lenses and insert directly into the eye or burning and stinging will result. Remove your lenses one at a time and place them into the appropriately marked
814	dome basket holder.
815 816 817 818	• Place each lens in the palm of your hand, apply 2 to 4 drops of [TN] solution and rub. While rubbing your lenses with [TN] solution, some users may experience a mild, temporary skin discoloration (bleaching) of the fingers or hands. Always wash and rinse your hands after rubbing your lenses with the solution.
816 817	rub. While rubbing your lenses with [TN] solution, some users may experience a mild, temporary skin discoloration (bleaching) of the fingers or hands. Always
816 817 818 819 820	 rub. While rubbing your lenses with [TN] solution, some users may experience a mild, temporary skin discoloration (bleaching) of the fingers or hands. Always wash and rinse your hands after rubbing your lenses with the solution. Return the lenses to the appropriate holder and close the baskets. Thoroughly rinse the lenses for [insert recommended duration] seconds through the basket

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829follow your eye care professional's instructions. Seek advice from your eye care830professional before making changes to your care regimen to ensure compatibility with831lenses.

832 LENS CASE CARE

- Rinse your lens case with sterile or unexpired contact lens solution (never use tap water) and leave the lens case open to dry after each use. Turn the case over and shake any excess solution out of the case. Be sure that no residual solution remains in the case before you allow it to air dry.
 - Replace your lens case every [insert a recommended time period]. Contact lens cases can be a source of bacterial growth.

840 **HOW SUPPLIED:**

841 [Describe how device is packaged for distribution (e.g., quantity of contents, sterile, 842 packaged in bottle, and marked with lot number and expiration date).]

844 MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR NAME AND ADDRESS:

- [Include the information that expresses the following information: [Distributed
 by/Manufactured by/Manufactured for] Address including zip code, and Manufacturer's
 website.]
- 848

837

838

839

843

- 849 **PRINTED [MONTH AND YEAR]**
- 850

851	Appendix B: Carton Labeling Example
852 853 854 855	This section provides an example of carton labeling for an HPCP containing important product information, warnings, and precautions, as described in Section IV.B.2.
856 857	PRODUCT INFORMATION:
858 859	Principal Display Panel:
860	 [Product Trade Name, including emphasis on "3% Hydrogen Peroxide [Solution]"
860 861 862	(e.g., in prominent text) (see <u>Patient Labeling guidance</u> for recommendations on font sizes for Headings)]
863	 [Actions and Indications (21 CFR 801.61) (e.g., cleans, disinfects)]
864	 [Lens Compatibility (i.e., the type of lenses for which the device may be used)]
865	 [Net Quantity Contents (21 CFR 801.62)]
866	• Sterile
867	
868	Outer Carton Panels:
869	• [Special Storage Conditions (e.g., store at room temperature)]
870	• [A statement referring customers to the bottle and package insert for information on
871	proper use of the product]
872	• [A statement advising users to keep out of reach of children]
873	• [Tamper-Resistant Statement (21 CFR 800.12)]
874	• [Insert information on whom to contact for concerns, adverse reactions, and
875	additional information: [Distributed by/Manufactured by/Manufactured for] Address
876	including zip code, website, and phone number.]
877	• [Lot Number]
878	• [Expiration Date]
879	• Product Information:
880	 [Description (i.e., Active Ingredients)]
881	 [Package contents (e.g., a lens case is included)]
882	• [A statement referring customers to consult the package insert for complete safety
883	information]
884	• [Website and social media connections (e.g., Quick Response (QR) code, website
885	link) to manufacturers and FDA (e.g., "Hydrogen Peroxide Solution"
886	https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/contact-lenses/hydrogen-peroxide-solution)]
887	
888	CONTRAINDICATIONS:
889	• [Include all known contraindications. If there are no known contraindications, add
890	the statement "There are no known contraindications for use of this product."]
891	• If you are allergic to any ingredient in this device, DO NOT USE.
892	WARNINGS:

893	• [TN] Solution is neutralized only with the special [TN] Solution case. NEVER use a
894	flat lens case. It will cause severe burning and stinging!
895	• NEVER soak lenses in [TN] Solution for less than [X] hours. It may cause severe
896	burning and stinging!
897	• NEVER rinse your lenses with [TN] Solution and put them in your eyes! It will cause
898	severe burning and stinging!
899	 NEVER squirt [TN] Solution into your eyes! It will cause severe burning and
900	stinging!
901	 Contains Hydrogen Peroxide, To avoid injury, follow all directions on the bottle
902	and package insert.
903	und puokugo moort.
904	Top Left and Right Carton Flaps [in emphasized (e.g., bold, red) text]
905	
906	Left Flap: [A schematic of a flat lens case, encircled with a line through it, with the
907	accompanying verbiage in bold type: "DO NOT USE FLAT LENS CASE."]
908	
909	Right Flap: [A schematic of your lens case, with the accompanying verbiage in bold type:
910	"USE ONLY THE [TN] LENS CASE PROVIDED."]
911	PRECAUTIONS:
912	DO NOT USE OVER-THE-COUNTER GENERIC HYDROGEN PEROXIDE.
913	Generic hydrogen peroxide solutions are not intended for ophthalmic use and may
914	contain ingredients not tested for ocular safety or toxicity. Use of Generic hydrogen
915	peroxide may cause severe burning and stinging if not neutralized before use.
916	• Do not mix or substitute other hydrogen peroxide-based lens care products or lens
917	cases as inadequate neutralization of peroxide may cause severe burning and stinging.
918	

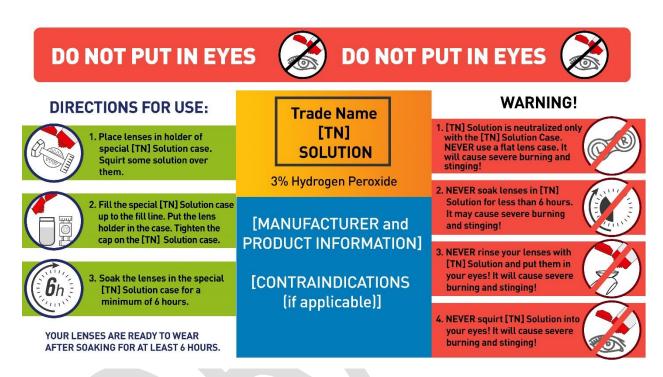
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919 Appendix C: Sample Bottle Labeling

This section provides an example of bottle labeling for an HPCP solution that contains important
 warnings and directions for use as well as relevant product information, as described in Section
 VI.B.3.

- 923 VI
- 924
- 925

Figure 1: Example of Bottle Labeling



926 927

929

928 MANUFACTURER and PRODUCT INFORMATION:

- [Distributer's/Manufacturer's name and address including zip code, phone number]
- 930 [Lot Number]
- 931 [Expiration Date]
- 932 [Date Opened ___/or Discard Date____
- 933 [Product Trade Name]

934 • [Description (i.e., Active Ingredients), including emphasis on "3% Hydrogen Peroxide
 935 [Solution]" (e.g., in prominent text) located near the Product Trade Name (see <u>Patient</u>
 936 Labeling guidance for recommendations on font sizes for Headings)]

- [Actions and Indications (21 CFR 801.61) (e.g., cleans, disinfects, etc.)]
- [Lens Compatibility (i.e., the type of lenses for which the device may be used)]
- [Net Quantity Contents (21 CFR 801.62)]
- Sterile
- [Special Storage Conditions (e.g., store at room temperature)]
- [A statement advising users to keep out of reach of children]

943	•	[A statement referring customers to consult the package insert for complete safety
944		information]
945	•	[Website and social media connections (e.g., Quick Response (QR) code, website link) to
946		manufacturers and FDA (e.g., "Hydrogen Peroxide Solution"
947		https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/contact-lenses/hydrogen-peroxide-solution)]
948	DIDE	CTIONS FOR USE.
949 950	DIKE	CTIONS FOR USE:
	1)	Discussion in the line of the state of the s
951		Place lenses in holder of special [TN] Solution case. Squirt some solution over them.
952	2)	Fill the special [TN] Solution case up to the fill line. Put the lens holder in the case.
953		Tighten the cap on the [TN] Solution case.
954	3)	Soak the lenses in the special [TN] Solution case for a minimum of [X] hours. Your
955		lenses are ready to wear after soaking for at least [X] hours.
956	CONT	TRAINDICATIONS:
957		• [Include all known contraindications. If there are no known contraindications, add
958		the statement "There are no known contraindications for use of this product."]
959		• If you are allergic to any ingredient in this device, DO NOT USE.
960		
961	WAR	NINGS:
962		• [TN] Solution is neutralized only with the [TN] Solution case. NEVER use a flat lens
963		case. It will cause severe burning and stinging.
964		• NEVER soak lenses in [TN] Solution for less than [X] hours. It may cause severe
965		burning and stinging.
966		• NEVER rinse your lenses with [TN] Solution and put them in your eyes! It will cause
967		severe burning and stinging!
968		• NEVER squirt [TN] Solution into your eyes! It will cause severe burning and
969		stinging!
970		